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# THE TEXAS GAZETTE.

"WHERE LIGHT IS, THERE IS LIBERTY."—"WHERE LIBERTY DWELLS, THERE IS MY COUNTRY."

EDITED, PRINTED AND PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY, BY GODWIN B. COTTEN, AT $6 PER ANN

VOL. 1. AUSTIN, SEPTEMBER 6, 1830. No. [illegible]



### TERMS OF THE GAZETTE:

Subscription at $5 per annum, if paid within 3 months—$6 if paid within the expiration of the year—or good merchantable produce; if not punctually paid it will be considered [illegible]

Advertisements of 10 lines will be inserted *three times* for $1, and 25 cts for each continuance—longer ones in the same proportion. The number of times and the number of the advertisements otherwise ordered, will be continued until forbid, (at the discretion of the publishers,) and charged accordingly.

Printing and Job Printing must be paid in cash.

*AGENTS:*

| | |
|---|---|
| McKinstry & Austin, | *Brazoria.* |
| Dr. Wm. D. Dunlap, | *Harrisburg.* |
| George Orr, | *Trinity.* |
| Col. Green De Witt, | *Gonzales.* |
| Alsbahus Sterne, | *Nacogdoches.* |
| James W. Breedlove, | *New-Orleans.* |
| James H. McCoy, | *Alexandria, La.* |
| The Hon. J. Dutton, | *Opelousas, La.* |
| Andrew Marschalk, | *Natchez, Miss.* |
| T. Devalcourt, | *Attakapas.* |


## FOREIGN.

### LATEST FROM ENGLAND.

We have received news from London as late as the 9th of June, at which time the King of England was still alive, but his recovery was utterly despaired of. The following traits will serve to shew the desperate situation in which he was lying at that date.

*Windsor, 2 o'clock, A. M.*

His Majesty is still alive, but his distressing situation warrants the expectation that each succeeding hour will close his reign.

*From the Morning Herald, London, of June 8th.*

From the conclusion of these accounts, there can be little doubt that the seals of Britain are at this moment swayed by another arm.—Whether a change of ministry and a dissolution of Parliament have followed, is matter of less certainty. It was for a season supposed that in consequence of the differences between the Duke of Clarence and the Premier, which occasioned the removal of the former from the head of the Admiralty, the dismission of the latter would be the first act of the new reign. But it has lately been intimated that very recent interviews have taken place between the king and his brothers at which satisfactory explanations and arrangements were made. And as the Duke of Wellington is a great personal favourite of the king, the inference is deduced that the last exertion of his royal influence was to continue his favourite in power.

The London Courier of the 7th, announces that on the 7th of May, a treaty of Friendship and Commerce was concluded between the Porte and the United States of North America, by which the ships of the States are to have the free navigation of the Black Sea, and to be placed, with respect to the duties and customs, on the same footing as other friendly powers. [We have previously recieved strong reports to the same effect; and it will be seen by a letter from Smyrna, that no doubt remains of the fact. The agent employed was our estimable fellow-citizen, Mr Charles Rhind.]

*Prince Leopold.*—The London Courier says, "*Now the truth is, we are required to be informed that the real cause* of Prince Leopold's rejection of the Sovereignty of Greece, is not to be found in the opposition of the Greek nation to the arrangements made by the Allies although such has been assigned as the reason of rejection." In proof of this assertion, the following article is published, under date of

*Vienna, May 25th.*

"The reports of the opposition of the inhabitants of Greece to the choice of Prince Leopold of Saxe Coburg are unfounded. On the contrary, the most unanimous accounts from Greece state that the people are making preparations for the arrival of the Prince selected for them by the Allied Sovereigns."

### LATEST FROM FRANCE.

We clip the following extracts, as containing the [illegible] we are in possession of respecting

*Expedition to Algiers.*

This expedition is now of course the topic of the most general interest in Europe, and a thousand idle tales, rumors, and surmises, the off-spring of hope, jealousies, fears, and the universal gossipping propensity of man, continue to float on the wings of the fifth, again date, that conferences had been held at Paris between the Ambassadors of several powers and the French Ministers, on the subject of Algiers; but in the best informed circles it was known that no such conferences had yet commenced, but that they might take place so soon as the French army commences the siege of Algiers.

The Journal du Commerce states that "unpleasant accounts had been circulated upon Change, respecting the late of the first division of the expedition. We could not trace them to any thing positive. The decline of the Funds was attributed to these reports, but perhaps it is likewise the decline that has given rise to them." But the Constitutionel says, "no accident has yet happened to our fleet, except the destruction of a transport vessel which took fire; its cargo consisted of hay. As it was impossible to save it, it was found necessary to sink it. The loss amounts to about 16,000 francs; fortunately, this unlucky event cost no lives."

The Moniteur of the 4th has the following.—"On receiving the first notice of the loss of La Sylphe and L'Aventure, the Minister of the Marine immediately instructed, by telegraph, the maritime prefect of Toulon to transmit to him, through the same medium, any information he could obtain relative to the fate of those vessels. The following is his answer:—

'Toulon, June 2, 1830, half past two o'clock.'

'Since I announced to you the wreck of La Sylphe and L'Aventure, I have received no details respecting the fate of the crews. A general rumor repeats that the Dey of Algiers had given orders that any prisoners that might be made should be respected. As soon as I receive any fresh intelligence relative to the crews, I will hasten to communicate it to you.'

"This being the only despatch recieved by the Minister of the Marine, the details given by several Journals on this unfortunate occurrence should not be considered as authentic."

According to calculations made at the office of the Minister of the Marine, the fleet would arrive this day before Algiers.

The following article is given under date of Toulon, May 29:—

"Yesterday, towards three in the afternoon, an estafette started for Paris. He is said to be the bearer of the despatches of the Grand Seignior to the king of France, which are pretended to contain proposals of peace with the Dey of Algiers, on condition that the latter should offer satisfaction to our flag, and pay the expenses of our armament. They have been forwarded by Tahir Pacha, commander of the Turkish frigate Neshin-Djaffet. He was desirous of delivering them into the hands of M. Massieu de Clarval, commander of the blockading squadron, but he refused to receive them, and very properly despatched the Ottoman Ambassador to Toulon, under the escort of the frigate la Dyperre, who refused likewise to take them, and obliged him to proceed to Toulon, after having paid to his rank and his flag the honors usual on such occasions."

Upon this subject the Journal du Commerce publishes as follows:

"*Mission of Tahir Pacha.*—There are persons who explain the mission of Tahir Pacha in the following manner:—The Duke of Wellington, finding it impossible to oppose our expedition against Algiers by open force, had engaged the Porte to send one of its dignitaries, with the title of Governor of Algiers for the Sultan. When once in the town, Tahir Pacha was to publish the firman of the Grand Seignior, and make himself acknowledged by the Turkish militia. The Dey was to act as first Lieutenant of the Pacha; and the English Minister had obtained his consent and submission in consequence of the danger of the French invasion, which threatens him with inevitable destruction. On arriving before Algiers, the French fleet would have found the Ottoman flag hoisted on the ramparts and the regular authority of the Sultan acknowledged, together with the abolition of piracy and of slavery. France would have no longer had a pretext for attacking Algiers, and our immense preparations must have come to nought, for it would have proved rather embarrassing to attack a Governor of the Porte with whom we are at peace. But General Guilleminot, informed at Constantinople of the [illegible] arrival to the station before Algiers [illegible] ment the addition of the whole [illegible] of forward intercepting the Turkish [illegible] speedy arrival was not made."

It is now said that orders have been given for marching 1500 troops by way [illegible] ped tionary army, to be [illegible] the Rhone. The [illegible]

The following [illegible] on the 4th, [illegible] from [illegible] Alexandria, April 2.

"The arrival [illegible] ambassador in Turkey with M. [illegible] Toulon, has given rise to many [illegible] said to have been sent to the [illegible] eration of an Egyptian squadron [illegible] the Africa must but you will [illegible] cannot take place, and [illegible] of. The Porte [illegible] his own accompt—his treasury [illegible] and be within [illegible] tinople; the sultan [illegible] duct daily [illegible] be attacked [illegible] Turks are dreadfully [illegible]

The English [illegible] the bay of Algiers [illegible] purpose of bringing [illegible] Consul.

A Portsmouth [illegible]

"Nothing has been heard of the Frankenau since its sailing, except that of the frigate [illegible] ing for wind. On that evening [illegible] ance will be taken [illegible] fette d'Alger."—The Morning Herald, [illegible] nals the news of the [illegible] Morle, Secretary to the Commissioners [illegible]

### PEOPLING OF AMERICA.

The peopling of America [illegible] the slightest mystery [illegible] limit of this continent [illegible] that the [illegible] and even small [illegible] farther south at [illegible] may be two or three hundred miles. The Aleoution islands [illegible] same [illegible] Tschutchi, who inhabit [illegible] Asia are in the regular habit of [illegible] tinent to the other. These tribes, [illegible] have discovered [illegible] was but from the west [illegible] ed so wonderful to modern [illegible] discovery in their eyes. They knew [illegible] was Asia, and that was America; they knew [illegible] that they were on one of the [illegible] earth. They knew only that [illegible] shore was nowhere to [illegible] drew. However [illegible] any amount of people might have passed [illegible] America. The form of the American [illegible] that of the nations on the north-east of Asia, [illegible] naratively well-regulated state of its [illegible] tricts, and the constant tradition of the Mexicans, that the Aztecks and the Toultecs, who [illegible] their territory, came from the north west, [illegible] with indications [illegible] the continent.—*Museum of North America.*

"*Party.*" says the New Orleans Advertiser, can do any thing—it can convert him whose election was dreaded as a curse, into a statesman and patriot of the highest order—it can wash the blackest sins in Lethe, and they are forgotten—it can make men forget what themselves formerly were, their own opinions—their votes—their actions—their associates—it can make them the advocates of what they formerly opposed, and the opposers of what they once supported—in short it can do any thing—it can make a true democratic republican, one of the most incorrigible federalists, in ten minutes!"

There are 58 counties in the State of New-York, 5 cities, 744 towns, 296 incorporated [illegible] 1466

[illegible], July 21 [illegible]

[illegible] Chief [illegible] arrive [illegible] New Bedford [illegible] from Valparaiso. It [illegible] New Bedford [illegible] been transcribed [illegible] a letter [illegible] dated at Valparaiso, giving an account [illegible] now raging in Chile. The letter is dated April [illegible], it was [illegible] General Freire, who commanded the troops attached to the [illegible] city, was marching for Santiago, for the purpose of attacking General Prieto, at the head of the Tory party, as they are designated by the writer. The General Freire's cavalry had joined General Freire. On the 22d March, Ovalle was elected President by the Tory party, who it was thought would [illegible] Britain the government in their hands.

*N. Y. Morning Herald.*

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WESTERN TRAPPERS.—The Cincinnati American contains an account of two trapping expeditions which have been fitted out for the Rocky Mountains [illegible] Fort Smith, Arkansas Territory; the other from St. Louis, Missouri. The former expedition will number 200 to 300 men; and will be absent from two to three years. The latter is under the control of three gentlemen, with seventy men and ten teams engaged in the service.

"These trappers," says the American, "resemble in some measure our brethren of Nantucket. They will undergo the most incredible privations, and leave their friends for years for the sake of adventure and gain. On their return they lavish their money with a prodigality, and soon become restless and dissatisfied with the ease and luxury of the settlements. On the wilderness of a prairie, or in the recesses of the Rocky Mountains, they breathe freely, though it may be in the midst of danger, for they know they are as swift of foot, have as quick an eye, are as expert in stratagem or with the rifle, as their wily enemies. It is worth travelling from the East to the West to hear one of the old trappers recount the story of their adventures and their sufferings, dwelling on the wild and interesting scenery, [the most of any in this country] with which they have so long been conversant, with an enthusiasm which would [illegible] in the interest of any one. Much accurate information may be obtained from them of this Clima Thule of our country—the sources and length of the rivers, its climate, soil, and productions. Many have crossed the mountains and followed the Oregon to the Pacific. Indeed we know of no character that would furnish the novelist with better materials for an original, and which has been as yet but feebly drawn."—*Essex Gazette.*

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The advices from Hamburg state, that there has been a slight rise in the price of wheat in the Hamburg market, in consequence of the demand for exportation.

Letters from Corfu say that the English Government intends to grant the privilege of a free port to the island of Zante.

The Hamburg papers mention that the house of Orr and Goldschmidt, of Paris, are on the point of contracting a loan on Don Miguel.

*Copenhagen, May 14*—Official information has been received that the Sultan has issued orders that all Swedish [illegible] and Mediterranean ships shall have a free passage to the Black Sea.

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EARTHQUAKE AND VOLCANO.—A Mexican [illegible] of May [illegible] that the city of [illegible] in the Republic of [illegible] destroyed by an earthquake of the [illegible] at the [illegible] foundations, [illegible] prisoners, [illegible] to [illegible] and [illegible] from the [illegible] Guatemala. The [illegible] Fuego, [illegible] distance, [illegible] of Guatemala. [illegible]

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[illegible] have entered [illegible] ports, [illegible] ships, [illegible] the United States at [illegible] but [illegible] Latin-American experience [illegible] the population to change their location, [illegible] distressing now, because of the [illegible] which attend it, and the impossibility of repairing the losses which have been suffered, on account of the [illegible] to meet their public and private fortunes.

The New York Journal of Commerce, from which we derive these particulars, adds that the population of Guatemala is about 30,000 souls. It was founded in 1524, on the declivity of a mountain at whose summit was a volcano. In 1751 it was overwhelmed by an earthquake, and by matter from the volcano. In 1755, having been partially rebuilt, it was again destroyed by an earthquake, and the greater part of the inhabitants buried in its ruins. Its present site is about 2 miles south of the old town.

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PIRATES AGAIN.—The ship Lycurgus, Captain Coffin, from Liverpool for New Orleans, put into Charleston on the 6th inst. for water. The Captain reports that he was detained by calms and light winds, on and about the Bahama Banks, for 30 days. That on the 14th of June, he was chased by a piratical schooner of about 60 or 70 tons, showing American colors, from the Bahama Banks to 10 miles South of Orange Key—the chase lasting 3 days, when he lost sight of her by tacking in the night. The next day heard the report of a gun, about 10 miles to windward, supposed that she was bringing a brig to, that was in company the day previous. On the 29th, was boarded by the U. S. ship Brandywine, Capt Ballard, 4 days from Havana for Norfolk, and supplied with water. On the 30th, a calm ensued, which lasted 24 hours, the current drifting the ship 20 miles to the Northward during that time. July 3d, lat. 26 31, long. 76 30, fell in with an hermaphrodite brig, showing American colors half mast, as a decoy; she had two quarter boats which would carry 20 men each, and one small boat at the stern, had a great many men about her decks, also one at each mast head, looking out, she chased us about 6 hours, and then hauled close on a wind to the SW. Were informed by the officers of the Brandywine, that a pirate of that description was expected on the coast of Cuba every day.

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[From the Boston Daily Advertiser.]

*Character and life of Washington, selected from the Book of Ecclesiasticus.*

He was a man renowned for his power; by whom the Lord wrought great glory from the beginning.

When he was yet young, he played with lions as with kids, and with bears as with lambs; and he took away reproach from the people.

And when the king sent an army and mighty men who lifted up their hands against our nation and boasted proudly, he was valient in the wars. How great glory got he when he lifted up his hands and stretched out his word against the enemy! With hail stones of mighty power, he made the battle to fall violently upon the foe. He destroyed the enemies on every side. He beat down the boasting of Goliah, and broke to nought the Philistines his adversaries, and, broke their horn in sunder to this day. He was not moved by any person, neither could any bring him into subjection.

Afterwards a covenant was made with [illegible] God made all quiet about us that a [illegible] be built, and prepared forever. The [illegible] river, that became the leader of the [illegible] counsel—[illegible] the father of a great nation. He lived in a peaceable time and was honored. His name went far unto the islands and for his peace he was beloved. Our nation was blessed and multiplied as the dust of the earth. Our borders were extended from sea to sea, and from the river unto the utmost parts of the land. Gold was gathered as tin, and multiplied as lead. Rich men lived peaceably in their habitations and the poor were helped.

He gave counsel by his understanding, and by his knowledge he was meet for the people; wise and eloquent in his instructions.

Blessed are they who saw him, for he was the glory of our flocks. How was he honored in the midst of the people! He was the morning star in the midst of a cloud, as the moon at the full, as the sun shining upon the temple of the Most High.

The strength which the Lord gave him remained with him until his old age.

His body is not buried in peace; but the remembrance of his [illegible] name; It is [illegible] The people [illegible] be blessed. Let [illegible] fathers [illegible] and [illegible] honored [illegible]

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[illegible] Rio de [illegible] [illegible] May, by the ship Nyx, [illegible]

[illegible] Mayo, [illegible] from a table [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

Gen. Carlos Carrera [illegible] the Argentine Republic, had arrived at Rio Janeiro [illegible] from Buenos Ayres, [illegible] was to be [illegible] government on the affairs of the [illegible] Republic. The Journal says, that as Gen. C. was [illegible] Minister of foreign affairs, it will be [illegible] that he is a man of talents, and no doubt with [illegible] to negotiate with him.

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*The depth of the Ocean.*—Is a point which has puzzled, alike philosophers and practical men, and after all left in a wild field of conjecture. The most probable guides in analogy, and the wisest men using by this criterion, have presumed that the depth of the sea may be measured by the height of mountains, the highest of which are 20,000 and 30,000 feet. —The greatest depth that has been tried to be measured is that found in the Northern Oceans by Lieut. Mulgrave; he heaved a very heavy sounding lead and gave out along with it a cable rope, of the length of 4000 feet without finding the bottom.—*Lit. Bris.*

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*Every man for himself.*—A few years ago a traveller met on the top of Ben Lomond an old highlander, who said he had been a guide from the north side of the mountain for forty years; "but that Walter Scott, that every body makes such a work about (exclaimed he with vehemence,) I wish I had him by ferry over Loch Lomond, I should be after taking the boat, if I drowned myself into the bargain; for ever since he wrote his 'Lady of the Lake' as they call it, every body goes to see that filthy hole, Loch Catrine, them comes round by Luss, and I have seen two gentlemen to guide all this blessed season, which is now at an end. I shall never see the top of Ben Lomond again. The devil confound his Ladies and his Lakes, say I."

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*Blarney.*—This is the name of a Castle, about three miles from Cork. Adjoining to the inhabited Mansion there was formerly a large square tower with a winding stone staircase to the top; the floors were all gone, but the stone roof was entire; it was the custom here for all strangers who ascended to the top of the Tower, to creep on their hands and knees to the corner stone of the highest pinnacle, and kiss the same; by virtue of which, the parties ever after were said to be endowed with extraordinary powers of loquacity and persuasion.—though nobody could have believed that kissing the stone had any such effect, the custom was followed through [illegible] and it accordingly became a common saying at Cork of any prattling fellow, "he has been at Blarney."—*Dublin Morning Post.*

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*Anecdote of Dr. Radcliffe.*—He was sent for into the country to visit a gentleman ill of the quinsey. Finding that no external nor internal application would be of service, he desired the lady of the house to order a lusty pudding to be made—when it was done, his own servants were to bring it up and while the pudding was preparing, he [illegible] [illegible] a [illegible] it [illegible] final view of [illegible] Charles [illegible] said Radcliffe, [illegible] had no breakfast this morning, [illegible] their spoons, but I ask [illegible] twice, a quarrel arose, [illegible] were discharged on both [illegible] were pelted at each other. The [illegible] with a hearty fit of laughing, the [illegible] dissolved [illegible] and the [illegible] completed [illegible]

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[illegible]

The undersigned [illegible] renewal of their patronage [illegible] the country, and hope [illegible] ance to [illegible]

He may [illegible]

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[illegible]

CONUNDRUM.—Why are females of the present day like the lillies in scripture?

Because they toil not, neither do they spin, yet Solomon in all his glory was not arrayed like one of them.

The connexion of religious duties with moral is so very close, that, as the religion of those is always false who think meanly of virtue, so the virtue of those is never uniformly, if at all, true, who think meanly of religion.—*Secker.*

An Italian used to say that wine had these two discommodities—if you put water into it, you mar it; and if you put none in it, you vex yourself. If water ought to be mixed with wine, said a toper, God would have done it in the grape.

## ALMANAC.

| 1830. SEPT. | SUN Rises. | SUN Sets. | Moon's Phases. | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 5 Sunday, | 5 44 | 6 16 | | | | |
| 6 Monday, | 5 45 | 6 15 | | D. | H. | M. |
| 7 Tuesday, | 5 46 | 6 14 | Full, | 5 | 4 | 37 |
| 8 Wednesday, | 5 47 | 6 13 | Last Qr. | 13 | 7 | 07 |
| 9 Thursday, | 5 48 | 6 12 | New Moon | 19 | 8 | 27 |
| 10 Friday, | 5 49 | 6 11 | First Qr. | 25 | 0 | 07 |
| 11 Saturday, | 5 49 | 6 11 | | | | |

## SAN FELIPE DE AUSTIN.

MONDAY, SEPT. 6, 1830.

☞ On Thursday the 2d inst, a rencontre took place in this town, between *Seth Ingram, H. D. Lea, and J. G. Holtham*, in which the latter was killed by a pistol ball passing through his body. Ingram and League being in close confinement, and the case being under investigation before the proper authority, we forbear making any comments, but, so soon as the trial is over, we intend publishing the evidence &c. in pamphlet form.

☞ Arrived in the Brazos a few days since, the Steam Boat ARIEL, Capt. Henry Austin, from Matamoras. It is expected that Capt. Austin will ply between this place and the mouth of the River, should its navigation prove equal to his anticipation. He has been here, and has proceeded down to examine the river in company with Mr. John Austin of Brazoria.

We have only a few days to afford the pleasing intelligence that a Steam Boat is in operation for the first time in the waters of Austin's colony.

☞ The [illegible] news, copied into our paper of today, says [illegible] of warm work between the French and [illegible]

It appears [illegible] the government of the United States of the North [illegible] through the Mussulmun of Constantinople, into [illegible] good terms, as the vessels of that country have now a free passage into the Black Sea, a circumstance which will greatly enhance the commercial interest and prosperity of the [illegible] Italian States.

## LOST

[illegible] a Note of hand for [illegible] dated by John Williams, payable [illegible] with. This is therefore [illegible] not to pay the [illegible] if presented by any other person [illegible]

Town of Austin, Sept 4th 1830.

## LAWS OF COLONIZATION, AND ALMANACS FOR THE YEAR 1830,

[illegible]

## Administrator's Sale.

WILL be sold at public sale, on MONDAY the 6th September next,—

### A LAW LIBRARY,

*Consisting of the following*

## BOOKS,

Belonging to the estate of A. B. CLARK, deceased, subject to a lien of $120, in favor of R. M. Williamson, Esq.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Vesey's Chancery Reports, | 22 | Volumes. |
| Jacob & Walker's Do, | 1 | Do. |
| Madox's Exchequer, | 2 | Do. |
| Roberson on Fraudulent Conveyances, | 1 | Do. |
| Digest of Chancery Reports, | 1 | Do. |
| Kyd on Awards, | 1 | Do. |
| Hayard's Evidence, | 1 | Do. |
| Bayley on Bills, | 1 | Do. |
| Buller's Nisi Prius, | 1 | Do. |
| Coke's Reports, | 1 | Do. |
| Cooper's Pleading, | 1 | Do. |
| Highmore on Lunacy, | 1 | Do. |
| Montagu's Law of Lien, | 1 | Do. |
| Wyche's Practice, | 1 | Do. |
| Starkie's Criminal Pleading, | 1 | Do. |
| Starkie on Slander, | 1 | Do. |
| Bac. de's No Exoat, | 1 | Do. |
| Ballantine Treatise, | 1 | Do. |
| Law of Security, | 1 | Do. |
| Martin on Execution, | 1 | Do. |
| Saunders' Reports, | 3 | Do. |
| Cowper's Reports, | 2 | Do. |
| Tidds' Practice, | 2 | Do. |
| New-York Cases in Error, | 2 vols. in | 1 Do. |
| Hardress' Reports, | 1 | Do. |
| Gilbert's Evidence, | 1 | Do. |
| Sergeant on Attachments, | 1 | Do. |
| Mitford's Pleadings, | 1 | Do |
| Commercial Digest, | 1 | Do. |
| Law Selections, | 2 | Do. |
| Perkins on Conveyancing | 1 | Do. |
| Hammond's Nisi Prius, | 1 | Do. |
| Wharton's Digest, | 1 | Do. |
| Adams on Ejectment, | 1 | Do. |
| Cuttes Practice, | 1 | Do. |
| Durnford's Reports, (broken) | 7 | Do. |
| Ridgeways Reports, | 3 | Do. |
| Kyrby's Reports, | 1 | Do. |
| Baron and Feme, | 1 | Do. |
| Conductor Generalis, | 1 | Do. |
| Spirit of Laws, | 2 | Do. |
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| Chitty's Pleading, (broken) | 2 | Do. |
| Hermain's Crown Law, | 2 | Do. |
| Lees on Pleading, | 1 | Do. |
| Cowen's Reports, | 1 | Do. |
| Cowen on Contracts, | 2 | Do. |
| Washington's Reports, | 2 | Do. |
| Cranches Reports, | 6 | Do. |
| Swift's Evidence, | 1 | Do. |
| Espinasse on Evidence, | 1 | Do. |
| Parson Insurance, | 1 | Do. |
| Mo[illegible] Conveyancer, | 2 | Do. |
| [illegible] Criminal Law, | 1 | Do. |
| [illegible] Nisi Prius, | 2 | Do. |
| [illegible] Digest, | 1 | Do. |
| [illegible] Executions, | 1 | Do. |
| [illegible] Justice, | 1 | Do. |
| Stubb's Crown Circuit, | 1 | Do. |
| Read's Declaration, | 1 | Do. |
| Instructor Clericalis, | 1 | Do. |
| Graydon's Abridgement, | 2 | Do. |
| Precedents in Clerkship, | 1 | Do. |
| East's Crown Law, | 4 | Do. |
| Jones on Bailment, | 1 | Do. |

Sale to take place in the town of Austin, at the office of said R. M. Williamson. Terms—Cash.

EDWARD ROBERTSON,
Administrator

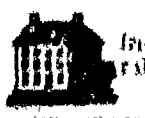
April 1, 1830.

## CHRISTIAN WERNER,

## MERCHANT TAYLOR,

HAS the honor to inform the citizens of this town and the Colony in general, that he has opened a shop in Austin, where he intends to execute any work in the line of his profession. He will make up clothing of any description committed to his charge, in the most fashionable style, and on reasonable terms. He will receive in part payment [illegible]

## NOTICE.



The subscriber informs his friends and the public in general, that he has opened A HOUSE OF

## ENTERTAINMENT,

IN THE TOWN OF

### SAN ANTONIO DE BEJAR,

and pledges himself to give all possible attention to those who may favor him with their patronage, and on reasonable terms.

Aug. 20. JOHN BROWN.

## TO ADMIRERS OF Fine Horses.

THE FINE BLOODED HORSE

## BELLAIR,

Formerly owned by Owen H. Stout, now belonging to the subscriber, residing in this Colony, who during the last year, met with such universal approbation, will Stand the Fall Season, commencing on the

### First of September,

at *JOSIAH H. BELL's at Marion*, and at *WM. DREW ROBERTS' Oyster Creek*. One half of the time, at each of the above places, a week at each place, alternately, during the season, which will be for three months.

## THE BELLAIR,

Is a beautiful Chesnut Sorrel, fifteen and a half hands high, of a fine form and action. His sire was a Genus, his dam a Dionede, and is, without doubt, the best horse in the Colony.

All those who are desirous of being satisfied with the colts of this beautiful horse, may see them at the different stands, and examine for themselves.

TERMS FOR THE SEASON:—Six Dollars.—And Twelve Dollars to insure a foal.

Cattle will be received in payment, and persons wishing to make any other arrangement, can do it, with the Keeper, as I am disposed to accommodate as far as may be in my power.

DAVID HAMILTON.

Aug. 7

## Municipal Ordinance

AT a meeting of the Ayuntamiento of the Municipality of Austin, held on the 5th July, 1830.

*Ordered*,—That, whereas the construction of shantics, cabins, or houses on the streets or squares of the town of Austin, is a public nuisance, the owner or owners, occupants, agents and proprietors of all such existing, are hereby ordered to remove them, within ten days from the date hereof, under penalty of a fine of from [illegible] to fifty dollars besides, the penalty of one dollar per day, for each day after the completion of the term aforesaid, that buildings shall [illegible] remaining on the streets, squares, [illegible] of this town, which [illegible] daily tax shall be collected by the Alcalde of the district, and placed in the public funds of the municipality; and any person who shall, after the publication of this order, build, or erect, or cause to be built, on any of the squares or streets of this town, any building, or any part of a building, not exceeding fifty dollars, shall be fined in a sum not exceeding fifty dollars, to be collected [illegible] and applied to the use of the public [illegible]

THOMAS BARNETT,
[illegible]

# POETRY.

[illegible]

THE NEGRO-TRADER'S CAVE.

[illegible]
My brother, will you hasten with
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

How blest are they in nature's bands
Whose hearts as well as hands,
Their country in my misery
I learned to know—by worth—
Preserved me when I fain would fly
Forsaken me forlorn
And I would —for others will bid it do—
I never had been born!

Before I was affectionate,
I kissed my sister's face,
And with a look of love that filled
Ample return and embrace,
Ere well I learned my low, to greet
My mother's knee I'd run,
Ere knew the welcome of my feet—
They, also, met with joy.

But oh! that I can't look coldly felt
The anguish of me that
Was my sister's lovely form
With some new passion thrilled
I did not count her hair but it,
When want my love would,
I found her the richest
Of being so beloved.

But soon a time—or many times,
A time I can't grow to—
For as I knew my sister's form,
Her voice and face to view,
The creature grew so beautiful,
I saw not her face but death,
And former friends shrank fearfully
From her infectious breath.

I was sick, unwearied day and night
I watched her bedside her bed,
And fearlessly upon my breast,
I fell—and her poor head.
I—I loved—he loved me for my care
My grief was at an end;
I was a lonely being once,
But now I have a friend!

ON TOBACCO.

Much food doth gluttony procure
To feed men as fat like swine,
But he is a frugal man indeed
Who on a leaf can dine.

He needs no napkin for his hand
His finger ends to wipe,
Who has his kitchen in his box,
His meat in his pipe.

## MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

The Hampshire Telegraph, June 5th, says—"Notwithstanding the blowing weather of Tuesday, the *American packet* Corinthian, for New York, persisted in going to sea, with a *full cargo* of passengers, and, in defiance of a strong westerly wind, made good her passage down the Channel. We find arrangements are making for establishing a similar regular communication, between this port and Philadelphia.

Messrs. Thomas and Benjamin Hare, Woollen cloth merchants, failed in an amount little short of 100,000. It is impossible at present to form an opinion how the affairs of the house will wind up, but we hear they will be settled under a commission.—*Leeds Mercury.*

A soldier came to Gonzalo Fernandez, and told him that he thought a fortress of the enemy might be taken with the loss of some few men, on which Gonzalo said, "but will you be one of them?"

# Municipal Ordinance

AN Ordinance for the appointment of the Municipality of Austin, declaring [illegible]

ARTICLE I.

*Ordered*—That there shall be established for the jurisdiction of Austin, a board of Physicians, for the purpose of examining applicants, who may present themselves to be examined in physic and surgery, which board shall be composed of three physicians elected by the Alcalde, one of the Regidors [illegible] syndic procurador of said jurisdiction, any two of said boards shall form a quorum, for the performance of any and all the duties required by this ordinance.

ARTICLE II.

*Be it ordained*—That the said Board of Physicians shall be composed of *Robert Peebles, James B. Miller* and *Pearce F. Hicks*, practising physicians, known to this body, appointed as aforesaid; shall for the purpose of organizing themselves, meet on the *first Monday of September next*, at any place which they may agree upon in the town of San Felipe de Austin, and the said Board shall hold stated meetings, every two months thereafter, for the purpose of examining applicants *for admission*, with power on the part of the Board to convene special meetings for the examination of applicants, if in their opinion it is deemed necessary.

ARTICLE III.

*And it is ordered*—That the jurisdiction and authority of said Board of Physicians, shall extend over the territorial limits of the jurisdiction of Austin, and every physician and surgeon not heretofore licensed by this body, within the said jurisdiction, shall within thirty days after the publication of this ordinance, report himself or themselves to the said Board of Physicians for examination, in writing or otherwise; and the said Board of Physicians shall immediately proceed to examine the said applicant or applicants.

ARTICLE IV.

*Ordered*, by the authority aforesaid, that the said Board of Physicians shall have power to appoint a secretary, whose duty it shall be to keep a minute book, in which he shall enter the names of all applicants for admission, in which he shall also state the fact of admission or rejection of the candidate, together with the reason of his rejection, if he be rejected.

ARTICLE V.

*Ordered*—That it shall be the duty of the said secretary, to make out a license for each and every applicant, who may present himself to be examined and be admitted to the practice of physic and surgery, a license which shall be signed by at least two of said physicians, for which license, the said secretary shall receive five dollars on delivery to the admitted applicant.

ARTICLE VI.

*Ordered*—That every physician or surgeon who shall practice physic or surgery within the jurisdiction of Austin after said, after the publication of this ordinance and who shall not have previously obtained a license from the Ayuntamiento of this jurisdiction, prior to the passage of this ordinance, or of the Board of Physicians established by this Ayuntamiento, shall be subject to a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars, nor more than fifty dollars, to be recoverable before the Alcalde of the jurisdiction.

ARTICLE VII.

*And it is ordered*—That each and every physician or surgeon in the jurisdiction aforesaid, who shall be guilty of a second or any subsequent violation of this ordinance, shall be subject to the fines aforesaid; *provided however*, that this ordinance shall not extend to persons who render assistance to their neighbors gratis.

ARTICLE VIII.

*And it is ordered*—That the fines collected under this law shall be paid over to the Ayuntamiento of the jurisdiction of Austin, to be disposed of as the said body shall deem proper.

THOMAS BARNETT,
President of the Ayuntamiento
JORGE FISHER,
Secretary pro tem. of the Ayuntamiento.

August 14, 1830.


**B. T. JAQUES,**
**WATCH AND CLOCK-MAKER,**
**SILVERSMITH & JEWELLER**

HAS commenced business in the town of San Felipe de Austin, and will be happy to serve its inhabitants and the public in general, in his line.

July 3



## NOTICE.

Mr. Gouverneur Morris,

[illegible]

WILLIAM PERKINS.

Matagorda, August 2, 1830. aug. 6

## NEW CASH STORE.

THE subscribers are now receiving and opening, at the Store, recently occupied by Mr Robert J. Mosley, opposite Mr Perry's inn, a fresh and well selected assortment of Goods, consisting of

**DRY GOODS**
**CLOTHING,**
**HATS,**
*SHOES,*

Hard-ware, Hollow-ware, Wooden, Tobacco, Segars &c. &c. which they will sell low for cash, wholesale or retail.

TOWNSEND & COLTON.

August 14, 1830.—tf

## LAW NOTICE
## W. W. WARDER,

LATE from Louisiana, will practice Law at Austin. He will attend to business entrusted to his with care and promptitude. He can be found at J. C. Lyon's Inn. August 14.


# Alcalde's Court.

*John Cartwright* vs *John York.* } NOTICE FOR DEFENDENT.

BE it known to you, that I have commenced a suit in the court of Jacob Garret, Esq. Alcalde, in and for the District of Ayish, in the state of Coahuila and Texas against you, for the recovery of damages for fraudulently selling me a Jack, for a proved Jack, when in truth and in fact he was not. Said suit will be tried at the house of the said Alcalde, in said district on the 10th day of October next, at 10 o'clock, A. M. at which place you can attend and make your defence, if any you have.

JOHN CARTWRIGHT.

Mr JOHN YORK
July 19, 1830 aug 14


**DRS. PEEBLES & MILLER,**

BEG LEAVE to return their sincere thanks to the liberal patronage they have hitherto received, take this method of informing their friends and the public, that they have just received a large and general assortment of fresh and

**GENUINE MEDICINES.**

Also, a supply of *Vaccine Matter.* July 10—tf


# $10 Reward.

STRAYED, or stolen from the subscriber, in this place, a brown

## American Mare,

about six years old, fifteen hands high, with a star in the forehead, branded thus X, or letter X, on the near shoulder, no other brands recollected. The above reward will be paid on the delivery of said mare to the subscriber, in this place.

GEORGE ROBINSON.

Austin, Aug. 7, 1830.


THE undersigned having associated themselves in the PRACTICE OF THE LAW, tender their services to the citizens of this Colony, in the line of their profession. Every description of conveyancing will be done by them; and from their attention to business, hope to merit a share of public patronage.

L. LEBASSIER,
S. M. WILLIAMS.

April 10

**BLANKS**
AND JOB PRINTING OF EVERY KIND,
Done at the office of this paper.